

# Complex Number 4

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$$|z|=1 \Rightarrow \bar{z}z=1 \Rightarrow (x+iy)(x-iy)=x^2+y^2=1$$

$$|z|^2=1$$

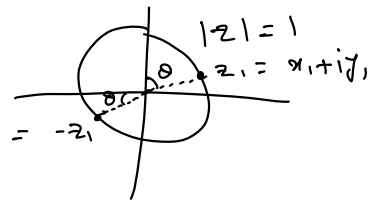
$$z(-z) = -(z)^2 = -(x+iy)^2$$

$$= -x^2 - y^2 - 2xyi = (-1 - 2xyi)$$

$$= -z^2$$

$$\frac{1}{z_1} = \frac{1}{x_1+iy_1} = \frac{x_1-iy_1}{(x_1+iy_1)(x_1-iy_1)} = \frac{x_1-iy_1}{x_1^2+y_1^2} = x_1-iy_1 = \bar{z}_1$$

$$\bar{\bar{z}}_1 = z_1$$



$a \in \mathbb{R}^+$  Then minimum value of  $a + \frac{1}{a}$  AM  $\geq$  GM  
 (positive)

$$\frac{a + \frac{1}{a}}{2} \geq \sqrt{a \cdot \frac{1}{a}}$$

$$(a + \frac{1}{a}) \geq 2 \quad \text{Min value}$$

For  $a=1, a + \frac{1}{a} = 2$

$a \in \mathbb{R}^-$  . Then max value of  $a + \frac{1}{a}$

$a = -b \quad b \in \mathbb{R}^+$

$-b - \frac{1}{b}$

$$\boxed{\frac{b + \frac{1}{b}}{2} \geq \sqrt{b \cdot \frac{1}{b}}}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{(b + \frac{1}{b})}{2} \leq -\sqrt{b \cdot \frac{1}{b}} = -1$$

$$-(b + \frac{1}{b}) \leq -2$$

$$a + \frac{1}{a} \leq -2 \rightarrow \text{Max value}$$

AM  $\geq$  GM  
 $-AM \leq -GM$

$|z|=1$   
 $z\bar{z}=1$   
 $\frac{1}{z} = \bar{z}$

$|z + \frac{1}{z}|$  max value and min value

$$\leq |z + \frac{1}{z}| = 2 \rightarrow \text{max value}$$

No. of equations  $\geq$  No. of variables  
 for a solution

$$z = x+iy \Rightarrow \left| x+iy + \frac{1}{x+iy} \right| = \left| z + \frac{1}{z} \right| = \left| z + \bar{z} \right| = |2x| \geq 0 \rightarrow \text{minimum value}$$

HW :- Solve this using only mod and algebraic manipulation.